

# AUDIT REPORT Effectiveness of meeting the targets to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Performance audit

Audit period: 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2019





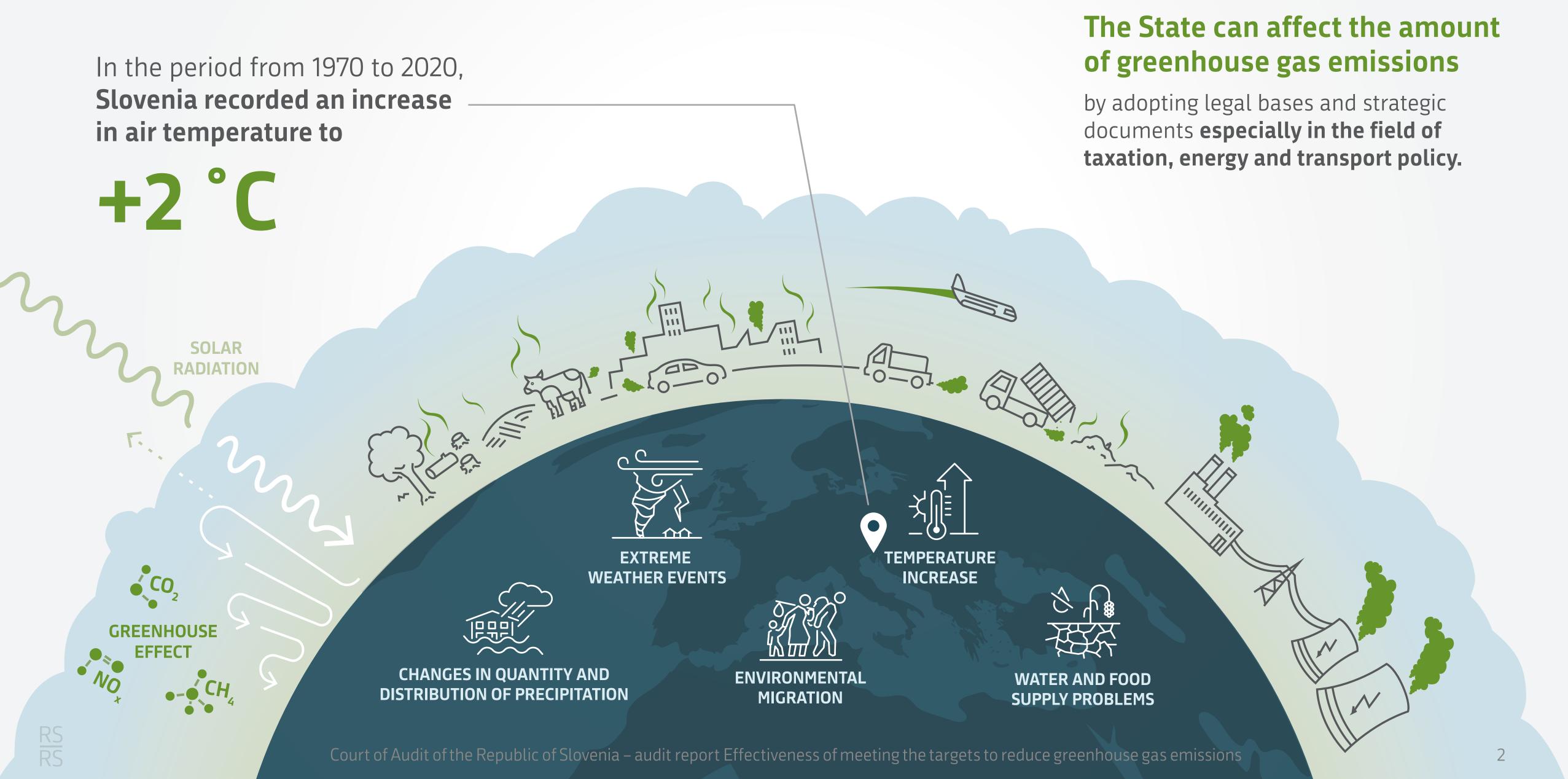




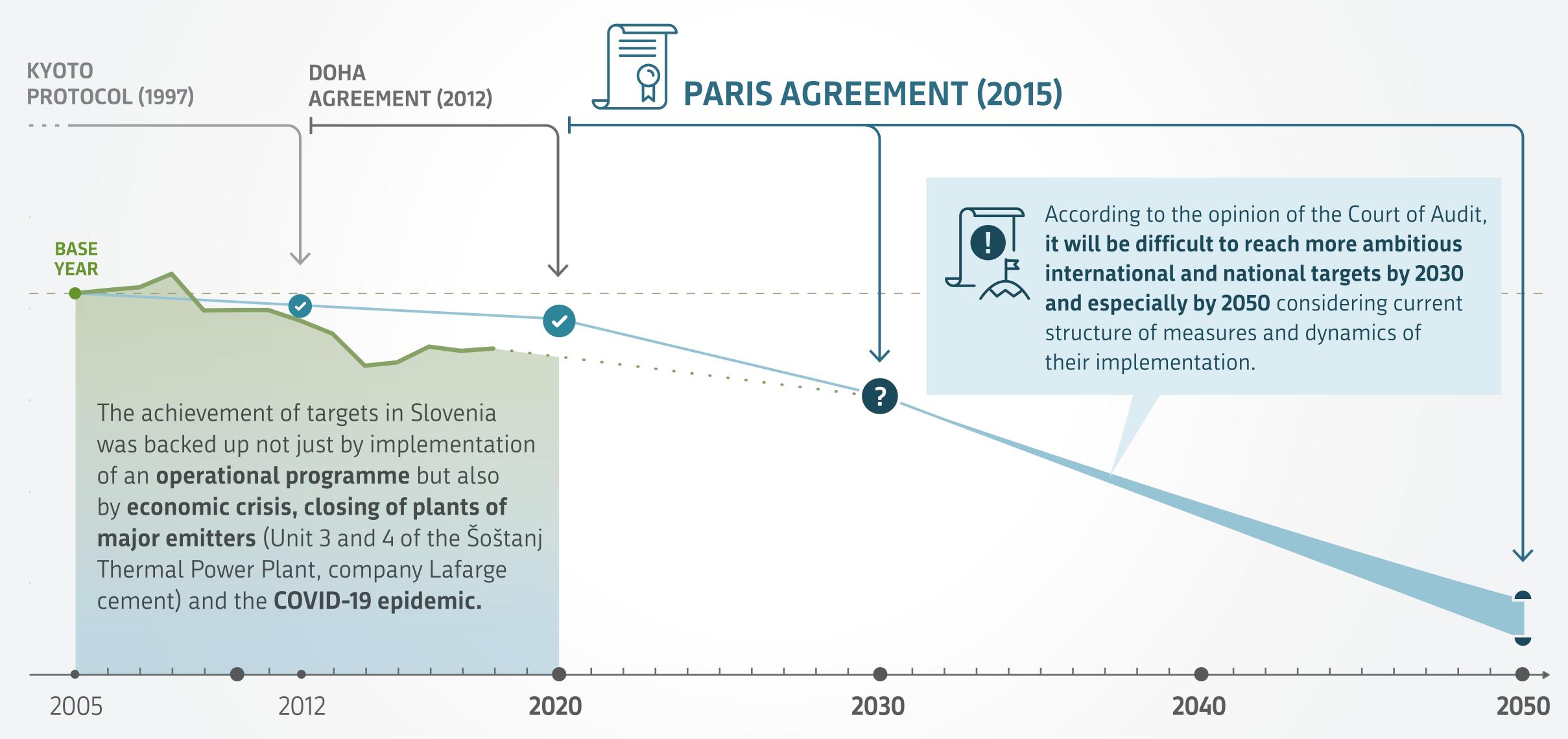




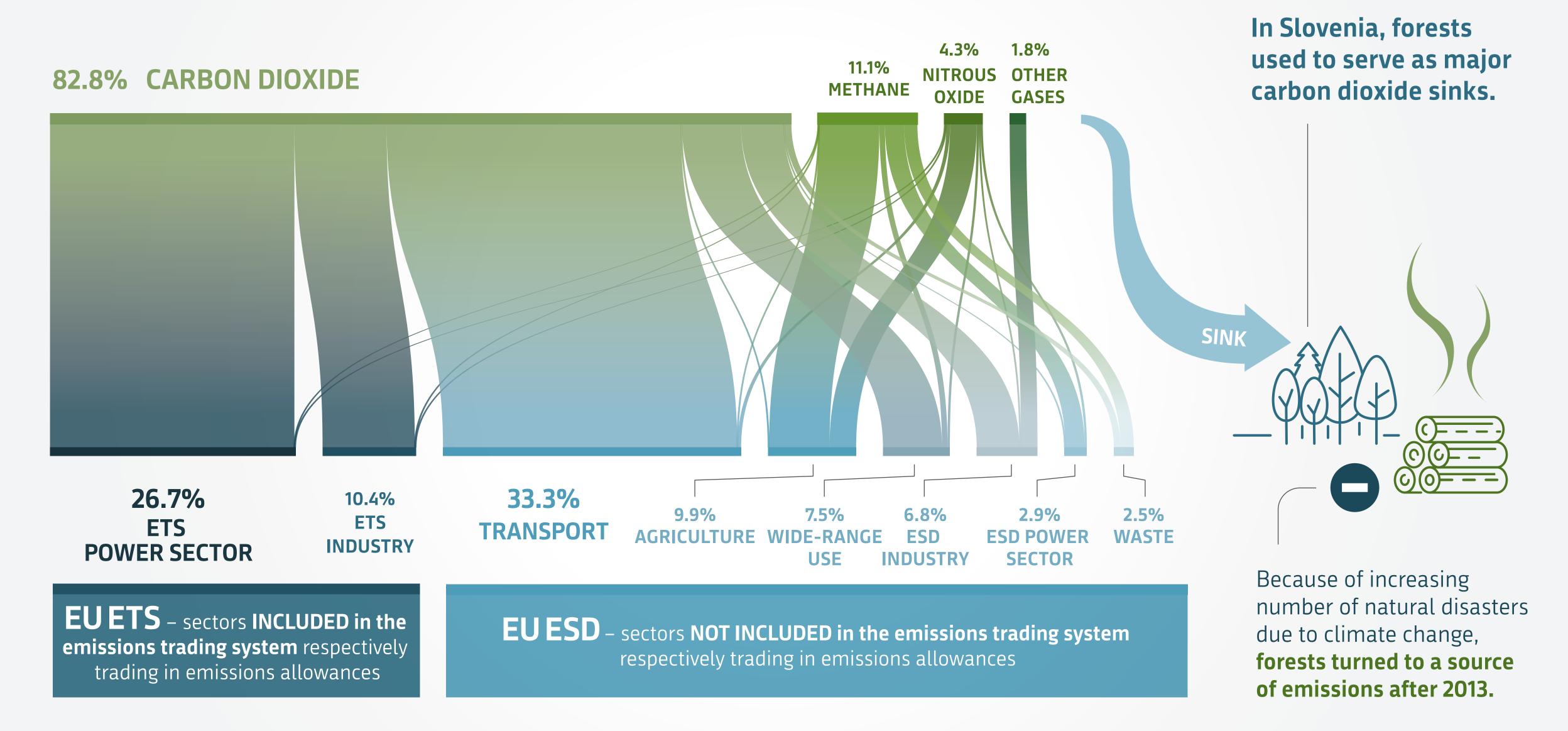
# Greenhouse gases and climate change



# Greenhouse gas emissions in Slovenia and meeting targets



# Share of greenhouse gas emission by sectors



EU ETS – sectors INCLUDED in the emissions trading

system respectively trading in emissions allowances

#### **EU AND SLOVENIA'S TARGET**

(relating to 2005)

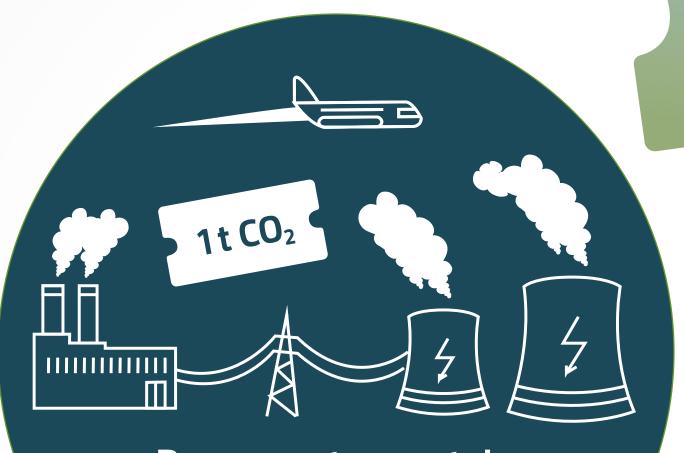


-21% by 2020

The EU target was achieved but only due to closing of plants of major emitters.

The State quite inactive since it did not set national targets and impose additional measures.

? -43% by 2030



Power sector, metals and non-metals industry and aviation sector



# PRICES OF EMISSIONS ALLOWANCES ARE INCREASING

and represent a greater cost not only to companies but also to the State that owns the majority of power sector as it accounts for 71% of EU ETS emissions.

# EMISSIONS ALLOWANCE

a right to 1 tonne of carbon dioxide emissions or equivalent of other greenhouse gases The system is founded on legal bases of the EU followed by Slovenia in its implementation.

#### **EU REGISTER**



submission of emissions allowances according to emissions allocates free emissions allowances per sector and production volume

selling

or buying

additional

allowances

and product

#### OPERATORS

may sell or use unused emissions allowances next year

TRADERS WITH ALLOWANCES

trading for profit

# MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT AND SPATIAL PLANNING

#### **SID BANK**

on behalf of the State sells emissions allowances at auction



MARKET emissions allowances trading

# **EU ESD** – sectors **NOT INCLUDED**

## in the emissions trading system

#### **EU TARGET**

#### **SLOVENIA'S TARGET** (relating to 2005)



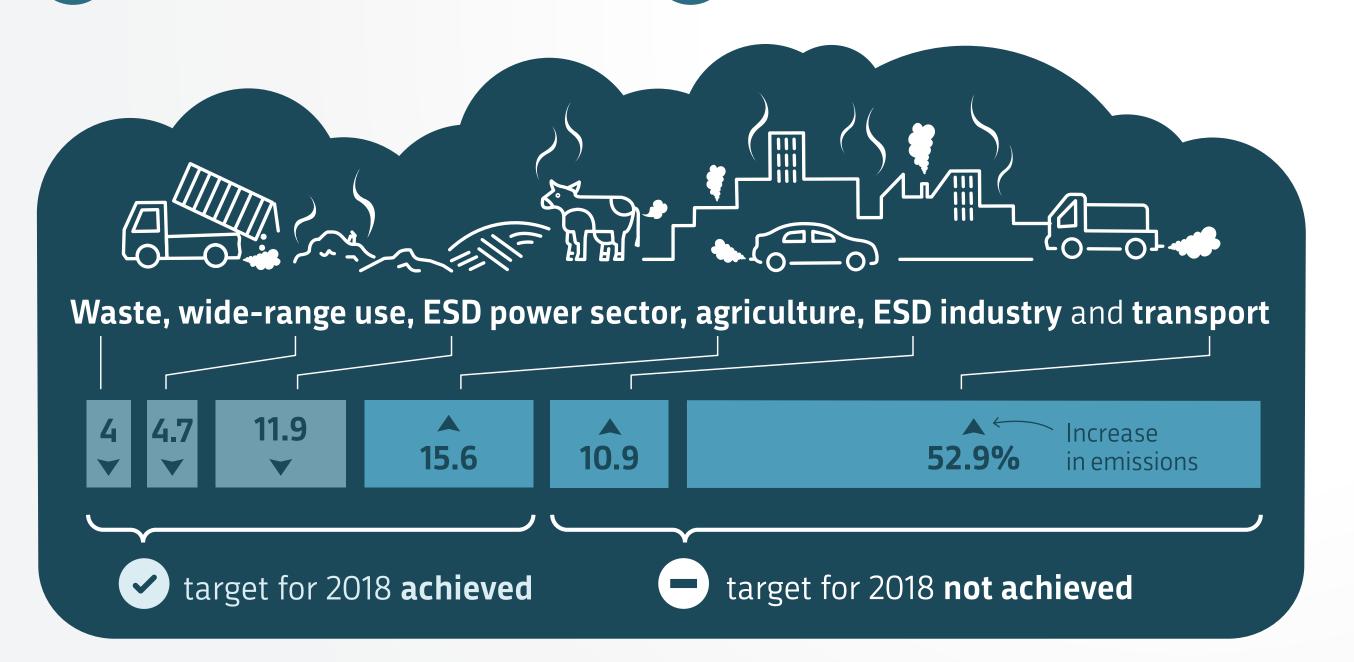
The EU target not to increase emissions by more than 4% is **very unambitious.** 

**□** -9% by 2020

Slovenia will most likely meet the EU target by 2020. **In 2018, it failed to meet the national target.** 

**?** -15% by 2030

**?** -20% by 2030





For meeting targets within the EU ESD, Slovenia adopted an operational programme introducing measures to cut emissions.

# € 1,020 million

2014-2020 programme costs

#### THE ISSUE OF ENVIRONMENTALLY-HARMFUL SUBSIDIES

Operational programme foresaw gradual reduction (in million €) of environmentally-harmful subsidies, yet their scope **even increased.** 140 120 100 80 € 733 million 60 40 2013-2018 environmentally-harmful subsidies in total 0 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018

## **OPINION OF THE COURT OF AUDIT**



The Republic of Slovenia was partially effective in meeting the targets to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.



The Court of Audit thus proposed to the Government of the Republic of Slovenia, the Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, the Ministry of Infrastructure and the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food, several recommendations for reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

## We can all help to reduce greenhouse gas emissions with our actions.

Annual emissions savings in tCO2e\*:

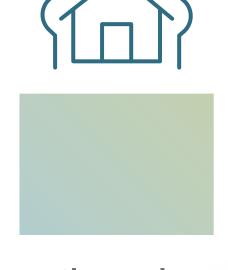


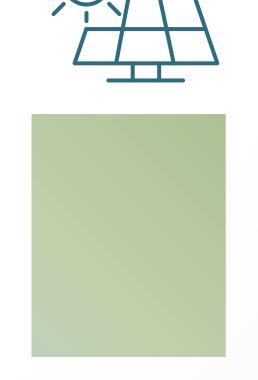




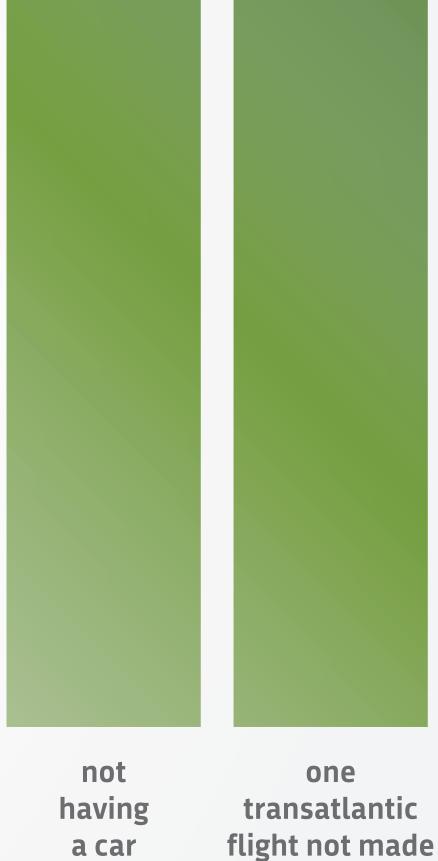












planting a tree 0.02 t

washing clothes at max 40 °C & air drying 0.02 t

unplugging elec. appliances when not in use 0.04 t

switching to low voltage **LED** lights 0.05 t

separate waste collection 0.21 t

thermal insulation 0.33 t

(self-)supply with elec. from of homes renewable resources 0.57 t

food of plant origin 0.82 t

consuming

1.9-5.19 t 1.75 t

RS RS

0.5